

#### **Jewish-Christian Relations**



Insights and Issues in the ongoing Jewish-Christian Dialogue

# Bad People. Anti-Semitism in South America -- widespread and rarely explored

02/01/2009 | Klaus Hart

Anti-Semitism in South Amerika is an area that is still not sufficiently researched. All the more welcome is a recently published Brazilian anthology that describes the phenomenon in its frightening dimensions, mainly in Latin America.



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Bad People
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Many Latin Americans carry official first names like Hitler, Himmler and Eichmann. In the phonebook of Sao Paulo one can find, in all seriousness, the name "Himmler Hitler Göring Ferreira Santos." Again and again synagogues are attacked; the number of anti-Semitic and neo-Nazi websites has increased alarmingly; Jewish personalities often receive death threats. For the first time now, an anthology of 740 pages is available, in which experts approach the phenomenon of hatred against Jews in North and South America from different angles. Editor and co-contributor of the anthology is Latin America"s leading anti-Semitism researcher, Maria Luiza Tucci Carneiro, who has already published numerous books on the topic. Carneiro teaches at the University of Sao Paulo and is currently building a virtual archive

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about the Holocaust and anti-Semitism in cooperation with the Yad

Vashem Institute in Jerusalem. In addition, she develops urgently

needed educational materials for Brazil"s teachers — materials that

should have been available for decades.

The anthology describes anti-Semitism in Canada and the United States

as insignificant and hardly threatening, hence it is considered in

relative brevity, quite unlike the giant country of Brazil and its

neighbor, Argentina, that have the largest Jewish communities in Latin

America and are increasingly exposed to neo-Nazism and anti-Semitism.

One can"t help being reminded of the bomb attack on the Jewish

Community Center in Buenos Aires in 1994, in which 85 people were

killed. This attack and other incidents lead to harsh security measures

at synagogues, also in Brazil. Brazilian rabbis insist that the Iberian

culture is still marked by strong anti-Semitism, and that Spain and

Portugal who colonized the Latin American countries, deeply instilled

Christian anti-Judaism as well as racist anti-Semitism, with all its stereotypes and prejudices in South American society.

## A Luxury Edition of "Mein Kampf"

Maria Luiza Tucci Carneiro states that today, anti-Semitism in Brazil and other North and South American countries usually disguises itself as anti-Zionism, as hatred of Israel. "But if one looks closely, it goes against the Jews, it is nothing else but deep-seated, traditional anti-Semitism." Especially in Brazil, Argentina and Chile, the anti-Jewish mentality is strong and articulates itself politically.

Anti-Semitic concoctions from the Nazi era are appearing in new

editions. In Brazil itself the translation of Hitler"s Mein Kampf in a

luxury edition is selling out quickly. Since the 19th Century the major

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5/12

racial theories from Germany and France were adopted in Brazil by

government circles and propagated by renowned intellectuals. "One

wanted a pure race — white, Catholic and non-Jewish."

The anthology contains an astonishing study by the historian Silvia

Cortez Silva about an icon of Brazilian culture, the writer Gilberto

Freyre, whose 100th Birthday in 2000 had been celebrated with official

pomp. In his lifetime Freyre had already been honored by many great

universities of the world — although in his classic Casa-Grande &

Senzala, ["The Mansion and the Slavehut"] he had spread the most evil

prejudices against Jews. Silva writes that Gilberto Freyre never

concealed what he was thinking about the Jews. "The way he describes

the profile and identity of Jews could not be more anti-Semitic." He

uses expressions and attributes such as blood sucker, parasite,

exploiter, ruthlessness, cunning, Jewish nose, vulture-face — to name

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only a few. Silva underlined as particularly interesting that such

writing passed unheeded in the long years of its reception.

Anti-Semitic views are still popular in Latin America. In some

Brazilian dictionaries of foreign words the word "Jew" is, in all

seriousness, translated as "bad person." Even officially, the dictator

and hater of Jews, Getúlio Vargas, is still celebrated as the greatest

statesman in the national history of Brazil, though, since 1936, he had

outlawed the issuance of entry visas to persecuted Jews by secret

decree. "We know of about 10 000 rejected visa applications — and

there are still a lot more," states Carneiro. But even worse, many

Brazilian Jews were deported to Nazi-Germany.

#### **Hundreds of War Criminals**

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The researcher has many anonymous letters of Brazilians with no German

background, who denounced Jews who had escaped into the tropical land.

"Brazil cooperated in the destruction of the Jews; the Vargas

government was complicit in the Holocaust — and Brazilians should

finally realize this." Vargas supported the spread of the Nazi Party

(the NSDAP) and let Nazi instructors into the country, who

indoctrinated students in German schools. "Heil Hitler" was used as

salutation. SA and SS songs were sung. In no country outside Germany,

did the Nazi Party attract more members than in Brazil. Schools, city

squares, streets and even the Plenary Hall of the Brazilian National

Congress in Brasilia are named after Filinto Müller, the

notorious head torturer, chief of the political police of Vargas.

Rather late, in 1942, the dictator Vargas broke with Nazi Germany, in

order not to remain on the loosing side of WW II, also under pressure

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from the United States; he then even declared war against Germany. In

the anti-Semitic Argentina the Nazi collaborator Juan Domingo Peron,

even today still no less popular than Vargas, took his time and broke

with Nazi Germany just four weeks before Germany"s capitulation. How

after 1945, he permitted the organized entry of hundreds of war

criminals into the country, is well documented and well known.

Even after the war, anti-Semitic policies were continued in Brazil.

Carneiro describes in her classic O Antisemitismo na Era Vargas how,

even in 1949, Jews were again denied entry visas by secret decree with

the argument that these Jews are survivors of the camps, mentally

disturbed people, in whom Brazil has no interest. Brazil"s people of

German descent played no small role in this. Thousands of them shared

the Nazi enthusiasm, went to Germany, took part in war and destruction

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of the Jews and returned to Brazil unshorn after 1945, where they

continued to cultivate Nazi improprieties. Only now, much too late, one

tries to track these people down. Maria Luiza Tucci Carneiro accuses

Latin American intellectuals, including the Portuguese winner of the

Nobel Price for Literature José Saramago, of promoting a new

anti-Semitism by comparing the actions of Israel against the Palestinians

with the Holocaust, which is absurd, and she observes that Brazil's government

is much more pro-Arabic than pro-Israel.

### The Case of Stefan Zweig

But had the great Jewish writer, Stefan Zweig, not found refuge in

Brazil even under dictator Getúlio Vargas? Of course, in order

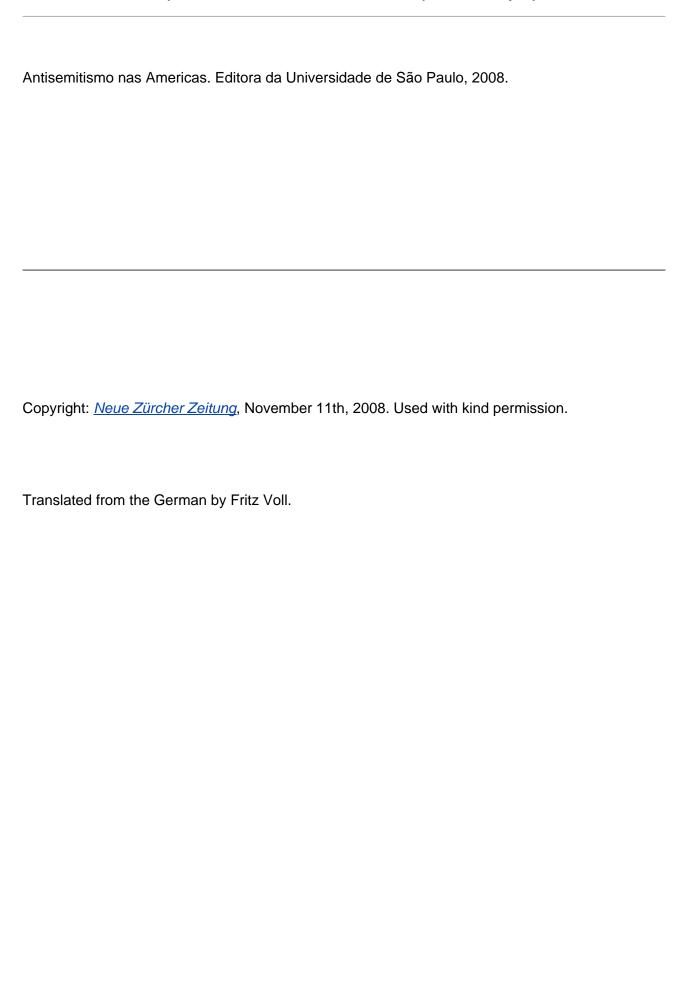
to give the appearance of an unprejudiced, anti-racist nation, certain

Jews were allowed into the country: Those that had deposited a high

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amount of money at the Banco do Brasil, or those from whose image the nation would benefit. The Jewish journalist and biographer of Stefan Zweig, Alberto Dines, revealed the background: "This visa was a precious thing for every Jew who wanted to escape from Europe. And Stefan Zweig just made a deal with the Vargas government — he wrote a book in favor of Brazil in exchange for a permanent visa and received this with incredible ease. Zweig was not a politicized man, he closed his eyes to many things. He invented a paradise." The book, Brazil — A Country of the Future, while totally out of touch with reality, is still a world bestseller, curiously enough, a classic of Brazilian literature. Auf course, not a word can be found about the atrocious Brazilian anti-Semitism under the dictator Vargas.

#### \*) Luiza Tucci Carneiro: O



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